

Get Your JOB PRINT-
ING done at the
Chinook Advance Office

The Chinook Advance

SUBSCRIBE FOR
CHINOOK ADVANCE
\$1.50 per Year

Vol 12. No 46

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, March 8, 1928

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

See our Gingham, Lorraine, Taffeta and
Galateas, from 22c to 35c per yd.

Congoleum Rugs

We have all the latest patterns in Congoleum Rugs

Oranges, 3 dozen for \$1.00

TOMATOES, CELERY, LETTUCE, CARROTS
RHUBARB, ETC.

Headquarters for
9 oz. Overalls and Jackets

Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service
C. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN
CHINOOK ALTA

The New Ford Car

Our First Car Arrived
Last Week

You are cordially invited to come in and look it over,
Have a ride. Drive it yourself

COOLEY BROS. GARAGE

CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.



FRESH MEATS

Tempting to the eye greets
you here in a variety that
pleases all customers.

BEEF, VEAL, PORK
and MUTTON

OUR HOME-MADE SAUSAGE
A SPECIALTY

FRESH FISH EVERY WEEK

Chinook Meat Market

- Buy Advertised Goods -

Our Spring Stock Is All Here

Our Stock is large and I think will cover all your requirements
Harness, Collars, Sweat Pads, Halters, Rope
and Harness Hardware

SEE OUR NO-BUCKLE HARNESS

Boots, Shoes, Rubber Footwear, Harness Oil

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

What Does New Machinery cost?

Yes, and what does it repair cost? Consider the trifling cost
of an Implement Shed compared with the serious cost of
new machinery and repairs. You add from two to five
years to the life of your machinery when properly housed.

See Our Plans Without Obligation

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

CHINOOK O. L. MIELKE, Mgr. PHONE 12

LOCAL ITEMS

Master Bruce Young spent the
week end with Lyle Milligan.

Dr. Kerr, of Oyen, was a busi-
ness visitor in Chinook last Satur-
day afternoon.

Born—In Calgary, on Saturday,
March 3rd, to Mr. and Mrs. P. R.
Dobson, a daughter.

Mr. Ray Deman left Monday
for New Bridgen, where he will
again assist in the store.

Mr. L. A. Thole, of Hanna,
Alberta, was in town Saturday
and Monday on business.

A St. Patrick's dance is being
given by the Chinook Baseball
Club on Friday, March 16th

Mr. Philip Demeare returned
Sunday morning from a holiday
in the States and at coastal cities
in British Columbia.

Mr. Richard Stewart returned
home last week from Calgary,
where he spent the winter months.
Mrs. Stewart will return shortly.

Miss Agnes Flater left the first
of the week for Calgary, to be
near her sister while she is under
treatment at Holy Cross hospital.

David Smith has been appoint-
ed junior ledger clerk at Delia,
after having been only four months
in the Bank of Commerce at
Drumheller.

Mrs. J. G. Power, of Hanna,
will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chi-
nook, on Tuesday, March 13, for
marcelling. She will also have a
few Spring Hats.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Neff, of
Hanna, who were visiting the
former's parents here for a few
days last week, returned to their
home on Saturday.

Mr. R. Peyton and daughter,
Miss Julia Peyton, returned to
Chinook Thursday, after visiting
relatives in Minnesota, North and
South Dakota for the past three
months.

Be sure and reserve March 30
for the concert and dance which
will be given by the High School
in the School Assembly Hall.
Full details concerning the above
will appear later.

A telegram was received last
evening by Mrs. Flater from Cal-
gary stating that the treatment
given her daughter was not as
successful as expected. Mrs.
Flater returned to Calgary this
morning.

The Ladies' Card Club met on
Tuesday evening at the home of
Mrs. C. Neff. The highest score
of the evening was held by Mrs.
Jacques, who received a lovely
cake plate. The club meets next
week at the home of Mrs. Dawson.

Chas. E. Neff returned Saturday
morning from Sarasota, Florida,
where he attended the Big Club
Convention of the Manufacturers
Life Insurance Co. He reports
having had a good time golfing
and swimming on the beach, where
the band plays every afternoon
and evening. The party were
favored with a trip on Charles
Ringland's private yacht. This
cruise was a real treat, as the
weather was like mid-summer.
Florida is fast recovering from the
boom of 1925-26, for it surely is
the playground of the world.
There are 250 different varieties
of crops raised in Florida, and
every five minutes of the day and
night one car of produce rolls out
of the state for the north. Florida
turnishes one-tenth of all fresh
vegetables used in the United
States.

Mr. Bray is a business visitor
at Oyen today.

Mr. D. Bell, barrister, was a
Cereal visitor Wednesday.

Mr. Claus Holen went to Cereal
this morning on business.

Mrs. McGillivray and son, Dun-
can, left this morning for Vancou-
ver, B.C.

Mr. C. E. Barry went to Cal-
gary to have an Ex-Ray on his
arm on Monday and returned on
Thursday.

Mrs. Nicholson will entertain
the "Ladies Aid" at the home of
Mrs. Rideout on Wednesday
March 14th.

Mr. L. W. Bayley, District Sup-
ervisor of the Montreal Life Ins.
Co., is in Chinook this week look-
ing after business for his company.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Bowman
and family, who have been visit-
ing friends at Saskatchewan for
the past month returned home on
Wednesday.

Mrs. W. Shier took her children
to Cereal Tuesday for examination
by the doctor. Dr. Esler found
that all three were suffering from
whooping cough.

An organization meeting of the
Tennis Club was held last Friday
evening to get ready for this
season. Another meeting will be
held at the station on Friday for
the election of officers.

Miss Charlotte Flater was taken
to the Holy Cross Hospital, Cal-
gary last Thursday morning, to
receive medical attention. It was
thought that Miss Flater was suf-
fering from appendicitis, but on
examination it was found that it
was paralysis of the limbs. She
was taken to Calgary by her
mother, who returned to Chinook
Sunday.

New Council Elected

After considerable delay, a
meeting of the ratepayers of the
Village of Chinook was held at
the office of the clerk on Monday
evening. A fairly representative
number of property owners were
present and took good interest in
the selection of candidates for the
office of councillors.

Three councillors were to be
selected, one for three years, one
for two years and one for one year.
Four were nominated, J. L. Carter,
M. L. Chapman, Wm. Milligan
and W. H. Butts. Mr. Carter
withdrew from the field within the
statutory time.

This leaves the three nominees
to look after the affairs of the
village in the order of their nom-
ination, Chapman three years,
Milligan two years and Butts one
year.

Cereal Bank Manager Ill

E. G. Parsons, manager of the
Royal Bank at Cereal, was strick-
en with appendicitis Saturday and
was taken to the Cereal hospital,
where Drs. Esler and Whaley
found his case so serious that it
was decided to send him to Cal-
gary. He was put on the train
Sunday morning and, accompan-
ied by Mr. Parsons, Dr. Esler
and K. R. Thomson, was safely
taken to the Holy Cross hospital.
The last report of his condition is
that he had contracted a bad cold
and any further operation would
be delayed for a few days.—Cal-
gary Herald.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR Double Wear Shoes?

G.W.G. & Master Mechanic Overalls
Groceries, Fruit, Vegetables
Rubber Footwear, Dry Goods

The Classic Millinery, of Calgary, will hold a
Millinery Opening at this store on
Tuesday, March 13th

You are invited to attend

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Spring Requirements

WE ARE BOOKING ORDERS FOR
FORMALDEHYDE

We would appreciate yours

Treat Your Horses With
SURE SHOT

Worm Remover, and have them in good shape for spring work

We also have a complete stock of
Horse Tonics and Remedies

HOW ABOUT YOUR
Epsom Salts, Sulphur, Saltpetre, Linseed
Oil, Turpentine, Creolin
Everything For The Stock

E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK.

Now is the Time to Treat Your Stock With
BOT PILLS
STOCK SALT

Just Received a Barrel of
Eureka Harness Oil at \$1.25 Gal.

Banner Hardware

Chinook, Alta.

- Printing -

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements,
Billheads, Business Cards, Posters, and
all kinds of Commercial Printing

The Chinook Advance

The experience of older prov-
inces proves that the spread of
noxious weeds will eventually
drive farmers from the land. Al-
berta farmers can profit by this
lesson and check the spread of
this menace. The great majority
of weed seeds enter the ground
through the seed drill and the
remedy is very apparent. Use
the fanning mill on all seed grain.

Start now with a small quantity
of registered seed. At the same
time use only the best commer-
cial seed available for all crops.
You will be well repaid by an
improvement in the quality and
increase in the yield of your crops

Better Seed, Better Crops,
Better Returns.

Annual Honey Production In Western Provinces Shown To Be Rapidly Increasing

That Canada is a wonderful country for beekeeping is now an undisputed fact, due chiefly to her wide range of flora and high average of favorable weather for the secretion and ingathering of nectar. Moreover, the greater part of the honey produced in Canada is of high quality, both in flavor and body and, being white in color, is most suitable for table use.

Until quite recently, beekeeping was practically confined to the older provinces in Eastern Canada, especially Ontario and Quebec, and to British Columbia; the surplus produced by them was absorbed by the Prairie Provinces. During the past five years, however, not only has beekeeping increased in the East but it has made a rapid advance in the Middle West, and because of this growth Canadian honey is now being exported to European markets where it is most favorably regarded. The total crop for Canada for 1925 was estimated at well over 19,000,000 pounds. Of this, Ontario produced 10,000,000; Quebec and Manitoba each over 4,000,000; British Columbia, 638,319 pounds; and Saskatchewan, Alberta, and New Brunswick, each over 100,000 pounds. No record of actual production is available from Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, but from the total crop estimate given above it will be seen that the production from these provinces is relatively small. The amount of honey produced throughout the Dominion, of course, varies from year to year, according to weather conditions. For instance, 1925 was a favorable year in this respect for Eastern Canada, but not so good for the West; while 1926 was just the reverse, that is, good for the West and not so favorable for the East, as the following crop figures for 1926 will show: New Brunswick, 100,000 pounds; Ontario, 5,000,000 pounds; Manitoba, 3,522,512 pounds; Saskatchewan, 17,287 pounds; Alberta, 215,000 pounds; British Columbia, 898,257 pounds. The Quebec figures for 1926 are not yet available. In comparing 1926 figures with those of 1925, it will be seen that, with the exception of Manitoba, the honey crops of the western provinces were much larger in the former year. Reports of the 1927 crop so far received show that in western Canada the past season was even more favorable than 1926; Manitoba reports a crop of 7,386,575 pounds, British Columbia, 986,719 pounds, and Saskatchewan, 500,974 pounds. Crop reports from the other provinces for 1927 are not yet available.

While honey production is steadily increasing throughout the Dominion, there are large areas yet uncultivated in so far as beekeeping is concerned; this is especially true of western provinces. The changing farming conditions in the more settled parts of the Prairie Provinces, the opening up of new territory, and the introduction of irrigation into semi-arid areas, are having an effect on beekeeping possibilities. For instance, the introduction of sweet clover into Manitoba and Saskatchewan is largely responsible for the increase in beekeeping in these two provinces. In the Peace River district where beekeeping is a comparatively new industry, an experimental apiary at Beaverlodge, Alberta, gave a wonderful crop during the summer of 1926. A colony on scales registered a gain of 20 pounds per 24 hours on more than one occasion and at the end of the season this colony gave 281.5 pounds of surplus honey, and in addition gave one colony increase. Other pioneer apiaries reported equally good results. In the irrigated areas, where alfalfa and sweet clover are grown extensively, good crops of honey are assured. In British Columbia, the fertile valleys offer splendid opportunities for beekeeping, especially in the central part of the province. In Ontario and Quebec the older parts of the provinces are fairly well stocked with bees but the newer parts of the provinces offer what is practically an undeveloped field.

Testing Saskatchewan Clay Clay from 22 different deposits in the western part of the province are under test in the Department of Ceramics, University of Saskatchewan, to determine their suitability for the manufacture of whiteware. This classification includes such products as household ware, electric porcelain and floor and wall tile.

The Girl—"I should think you'd feel happy as a king when you're in the air."

Aviator—"Happier. I'm an ace."

A divorce court is an institution which enables a man to be revamped.

W. N. U. 1724

Farm Land Values Increase

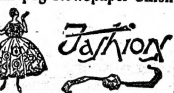
Owing To Good Crops In Alberta Prices Advance Ten Per Cent. Farm land values in Alberta have advanced in the past year by reason of the excellent crops produced. Since June 1927 it is estimated land values in the better districts have increased on an average by ten per cent., while in districts where crops have been exceptionally good the number of new settlers large, the increase has amounted to 20 per cent. This is particularly true of the Peace River district where the value of good farms, reasonably close to transportation, has increased more than any part of the province.

For each farm in the province the average production during 1927 was \$4,385 according to the Provincial Minister of Agriculture. Against this he gives average production for some of the States of the Union for 1925: Montana, \$2,514; South Dakota, \$2,355; Iowa, \$2,262; Minnesota, \$1,977; Kansas, \$1,880. Average production per farm in Alberta in 1925 was \$3,154.

Machine To Combat Smut

Saskatchewan Registered Seed Growers Have Installed New Device Installation of machinery that is unique in any seed plant on the American continent has been effected by the Registered Seed Growers' plant at Regina, with a Kopper Karbonate Koverall machine coming into operation. The machine is primarily designed to combat smut. The seed is powdered with copper carbonate and 100 bushels can be treated in an hour. The machine has been purchased by the Seed Growers to permit them to supply the farmers with pedigreed seed treated to combat any danger of smut when sown.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



A Chic New Frock

Unusually smart, is the long-waisted slip-on dress shown here, having an open neck and diagonal pin tucks, long drape-fitted sleeves, a separate belt and two cascade trimming pieces stitched to the left side of the waist and skirt. No. 1715 for ladies and misses, and is in sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 38 requires 3 1/2 yards 36-inch, or 2 1/2 yards 54-inch material. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical style, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Screenings Classified

Reclaimed Elevator Screenings of the Most Important Grade Screenings is a by-product of the grain industry and is now available commercially to Canadian stockmen. It consists of the broken and shrunken grains, weed seeds, including wild buckwheat and wild oats, chaff, etc., removed from the grain delivered to the terminal elevators and constitutes about 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 per cent. of the total grain received. This by-product is reclaimed and classified into reclaimed elevator screenings, oat screenings, and refuse screenings, a classification which although still unofficial is recognized by the Grain Inspection Department and complied with by most of the elevators. A new Dominion Department of Agriculture pamphlet on "Screenings As a Feed For Live Stock," gives the composition of the grades. By far the most important grade is the one named reclaimed elevator screenings. It contains about 50 to 70 per cent. of wild buckwheat, 20 to 40 per cent. of broken or shrunken wheat, some wild oats, and not over 3 per cent. of small weed seeds. When finely ground it has been proved by experiment to be a very valuable feed for growing and fattening pigs and for fattening steers. The second grade, oat screenings, contains about 75 per cent. of wild oats, 15 per cent. of domestic oats, a small percentage of barley and an occasional wheat kernel. It has a feeding value distinctly inferior to that of reclaimed elevator screenings. The third grade, refuse screenings, consists of small weed seeds, chaff and the dust and dirt accompanying grain from cleaning. It has been found to be of little or no feeding value in the rations of swine. Besides these three grades, a fourth grade, called elevator screenings, is used. It includes any screenings not falling into the first three classifications, provided the required minimum percentage of wild buckwheat and wild oats are put into this class. The pamphlet which gives an account of the Experimental Farm's experiments to ascertain the feeding value of the different grades of screenings, may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Farm Lands At Premium

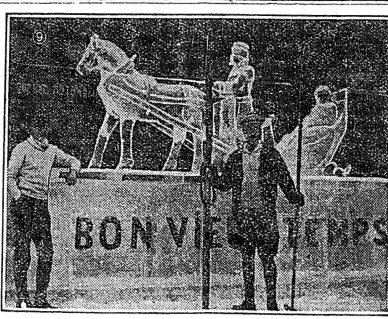
Few Farms Are Available For Renters In Brandon District Farm lands are almost impossible to rent around Brandon, according to real estate men, who state that lists of persons anxious to rent farm lands are held by many agents in the city, but there are no farm lands available. Where there is a chance of farms being for rent, nearby farmers have availed themselves of the opportunity of acquiring more land. There is a most optimistic outlook here.

British Columbia Lead-Producer Approximately 84 per cent. of Canada's output of lead and 92 per cent. of the zinc comes from British Columbia; the remaining 6 per cent. of the lead originating in Ontario, the Yukon, and Quebec, and about 8 per cent. of the zinc in Quebec.

Burke — "What! You've burned only one ton of coal so far this winter?"

Mason—"Yes, the other five tons wouldn't burn."

There is something wrong with the woman who talks only when she has something to say.



Ice Sculpture in Quebec

Just towards Carnival time in Quebec examples of ice statuary begin to appear in the streets. This statuary ranges from very modest ice arches to most ambitious conceptions such as a railway locomotive, a dog team and sled or a carliole (habitant sleigh) complete with horse on a "bon homme et bonne femme." These statues are not fresh fish but carved decoration but embody very real artistic values and are usually set up before the Chateau Frontenac.

The genius who makes these delightful things is a little French-Canadian man. A habitant with bright eyes, a ready laugh and a high heart. His name is Michel Carboneau and he will tell you that he is "Un sculpteur de bois, marbre, et de toutes autres meduses; aussi un carpeleur, but 'Un specialiste monument de glace, Ma'moiselle s'il vous plait.' Photograph shows a statue that has but recently been completed and inscribed with the words, "Bon vieux temps," meaning "Good old times."

ADVERTISING CANADA

Splendid Publicity Given Dominion Through Poultry Congress Last Year

Professor Harry R. Lewis, Secretary for Agriculture for the state of Rhode Island, and President of the United States National Poultry Council, was one of the most enthusiastic delegates to the World's Poultry Congress last July. He is now giving evidence of his impressions after participating in the Congress trans-Canada tour.

Since his return to the United States, he has addressed poultry associations, banquets and clubs, among the latter being the Frenchtown Community Club, the Rhode Island State Grange, the Lions' Club, Rhode Island, the Southern New England Textile Club, and the Varnum Continentals, the chartered military command of Rhode Island.

He has given these people of his state details of his trip through Canada, illustrated by maps, photographs, and motion pictures.

Mr. Oscar Brown, of Southampton, Lines, England, also participated in the trip, and he writes that he has had the pleasure of broadcasting his impressions of Canada. Mr. Percy A. Francis, of the British Ministry of Agriculture has been busy lecturing since his return to England, his subject being "Canada."

Italy is also actively advertising Canada. One of her chief delegates to the World's Poultry Congress, Prof. A. Ghigi, of the University of Bologna, is writing a book entitled "Niagara to Mexico." This will contain many views of Canada, and will cover the country from coast to coast.

Canada is being advertised as a result of the World's Poultry Congress. The advertising is of the best kind, it is first hand information given by people who returned to their homes saturated with Canadian sunshine, hospitality, and achievement. Further, it is being given by instructors to students, to agriculturists and others, and by the representatives of the press who accompanied the Congress tour. Among the latter is the editor and owner of the "Feathered World," Mr. Sydney Lever, whose paper carried a running article through nine issues giving details of the trans-Canada tour.

The "Report of the Congress Proceedings," a splendid volume of 538 pages is now ready for distribution. It contains over 100 technical papers presented at the Congress, together with a verbatim report of the general meetings. Full particulars regarding this volume may be obtained from the World's Poultry Congress Secretary, Ottawa.

Makes Violin By Touch Starting the work with a pen-knife and a file, Mr. Ernest Hall, a blind music-seller of Manchester, England, has made a violin in seven months, although he knows nothing whatever about the instrument. Mr. Hall has done all the work by finger touch. As plans are no use to him he got a violin as a model.

Car Salesman—"Wouldn't you be interested in a car with a worm drive?"

Madam—"No, I wouldn't trust my husband at the steering wheel—we're going to have a chauffeur!"

Herring flour is used quite extensively in Norway.

To Ensure Satisfactory Yields Careful Selection of Seed Wheat Is of the Utmost Importance

PLANNING TRIPS TO EUROPE

Personally Conducted Tour Has An Interesting Itinerary

With winter on its last legs (why not be optimistic?) and summer vacations in the offing, Canadians are beginning to plan trips to Europe and the railways and steamship companies are making their preparations. Arrangements have been completed between the Canadian National Railways and the White Star line for the third annual personally conducted tour of Europe, which will commence on July 7, when the Laurentic sails from Montreal. A great many western Canadians, including school teachers, who are always good summer travelers, are already paying some attention to their bank accounts, and are making inquiries about the itinerary. It is an interesting one. After eight days on the ocean, the motor coach trip through-out England and Scotland will commence. The English Lakes, Carlisle, and some of the other historic spots close by will be visited on the first day; a trip through the Burns country will wind up at Glasgow, and there will be a day's sightseeing in Edinburgh after a journey through the Trossachs. From Edinburgh, the tourists will go to Newcastle, Durham, York and Leamington, thence to London by way of the Shakespeare country and Oxford. Four days in London will give the visitors ample opportunity to see the Tower of London, the Houses of Parliament and the other ancient landmarks of history. Windsor and Hampton will rouse up more memories, and Stokes Porges will bring to mind the curfew tolling the knell of parting day, the village Hampdens, mute inglorious Miltons and the usual reflections appertaining thereto. Bruges and Brussels will be followed by a week in Switzerland—Lucerne, Meringen, Interlaken, Montreux, Geneva, with boat trips—and the six days in Paris will likely be all too few. The tourists will sail from Havre on the Megantic, arriving in Montreal on August 18, 42 days after they left it. One of the most interesting aspects of the tour, according to railway officials, is that it will not be rushed and that the travellers will have time to allow the multitude of new impressions to soak into their memories for future refreshment.

Canada's Trade With U.S. Canadians Spend Over \$70 Per Head In One Year Across the Line Official figures recently issued dealing with the trade of Canada for the year 1927, show that more than \$70 per head of the population of Canada was spent in the United States.

The total trade of the Dominion for 1927 amounted to \$2,325,899,934, an increase of \$356,618,775 over 1926. Exports had a total value of \$1,238,782,004, and imports \$1,087,117,930. Canada bought goods from the United States in 1927 to the value of \$707,270,444, or \$406,884,511 more than the total purchases by Canada in the whole of the British Empire.

The United States was Canada's best customer in 1927, as an individual country, with \$474,588,125 spent on Canadian goods. All the countries in the British Empire spent \$300,010,346 in the year under review. Great Britain heading the list with a total of \$409,551,767.

The chief item in the exports from Canada to the United States was wood and paper with a value of \$237,466,149. Agricultural, vegetable and animal products valued at \$147,369,591 came next, of which live cattle valued at \$18,634,917 was the principal item, grain and grain products second with a value of \$13,668,492; horses third valued at \$12,921,819 and meats fourth worth \$12,187,370. Metals, under which heading a variety of articles are listed, was the principal item in the imports to Canada from the United States, the value being \$270,107,888.

Canada spent \$38,523,197 more in the United States in 1927 than in 1926, while that country's purchases from the Dominion increased by \$9,352,625 over the previous year.

Development Of Civil Aviation Plans For the development of civil aviation in Canada are developing at a rate fully up to expectations. There are already twelve newly established clubs and a dozen more in the formation stage. It is expected that by summer fully fifteen flying clubs will be in active operation, with membership varying from 20 to 150.

The modern shell is very often the living image of an unpaid tailor bill, ship varying from 20 to 150.

It seed wheat contains abnormal or discolored kernels a first class crop cannot be grown to maturity even under ideal climatic conditions.

Weather conditions, such as prevailed in the prairie provinces of Canada during the harvest time of 1927, tended to bring out these abnormalities and discolorations in grain to a more marked extent than usual. Shrivelled, shrunken and pimpled or blistered wheat should be avoided. Shrivelled or shrunken kernels may be the result of badly rusted wheat or may be indicative of the presence of a fungus within the seed, while frozen wheat has a pimpled or blistered seed coat. A mummified kernel which is white to gray in color is typical of the presence of a very serious and destructive fungus disease.

Discolorations such as green, pink and black are also very common. Green kernels denote lack of maturity, while the cause of the distinct pinkish discoloration so often found is not definitely known. Blackened kernels are typical of the presence of a number of different wheat parasites. If the tip of the germ end is black in color bacteria are very frequently the cause. If blackening is evident at different places on the seed coat, fungi, which cause root diseases of cereals, are often present.

During the last two years experiments have been conducted to study the importance of such abnormalities and discolorations as are mentioned above, and results signify that it is a very serious practice to sow wheat of this kind. In all cases germination is reduced and the plants which survive are very often weak and sickly in appearance; by sowing such wheat the farmer in many cases may introduce disease producing fungi into his land.

Wise and careful selection of seed wheat is of the utmost importance. Ordinary seed cleaning methods such as are used by the average farmer will suffice to remove badly shrunken and very light kernels, but many remain, and if these comprise even a small proportion of the seed lot it should be avoided. Doubtful samples of seed grain may be sent to any of the Dominion Experimental Farms or to this laboratory for examination.

Roots As Feed For Horses

Turnips Or Carrots Are Good For Horses During the Winter

Roots are a valuable feed for horses under many conditions. For instance, they are good for horses doing moderate farm work during the winter. Two or three turnips or a few carrots thrown into the manger when the horse comes in at night will be greatly relished. Turnips or carrots are more acceptable to horses than mangel, and they should be given whole. According to a new bulletin of the Dominion Department of Agriculture on "Growing and Feeding Field Roots," the merits of roots as a feed for horses may be summed up as follows: They increase palatability, increase the digestibility of coarse fodders, benefit the teeth and gums, form a splendid tonic, and cheapen the ration.

Reindeer Farming In Arctic

Airplanes Now Being Used To Advantage To Herd Vast Numbers

Airplanes are now being used to herd vast numbers of reindeer in the big Arctic stock farms, according to Ralph Lomen, pioneer of the reindeer industry of Alaska. "It's a new idea and it's not being practiced regularly, but herding by airplanes seems feasible," said Mr. Lomen. "Our herd herdsman went out recently and in two hours accomplished as much as would otherwise have required a week with six men. There is room for 12,000,000 reindeer in the northern tundras of Canada and such a herd would be worth \$50,000,000. It could be done in 50 years if Canada started now in a modest way."



"Water, there is a caterpillar on this plate."

"No, that is the sausage you ordered."—Euen Humer, Madrid.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

How The Sun Life Made Thirty-Eight Millions Profit In The Year 1927

Participating Policyholders Receive Ninety-Five Per Cent. of Profits—Dividends to Policyholders Again Increased—Company Seeks Legislation to Maintain Canadian Control.

Montreal, March 10.—The phenomenal record of the Sun Life Assurance Company is an inspiration to all Canadians. Its income of \$102,000,000 is already equal to the total revenue of the Government of Canada in the year 1910, and \$38,000,000 is certainly an amazing sum to have earned in profit in one year. Not many corporations anywhere can report such figures. The President's laudable, practical comments at the annual meeting explaining how these huge profits were made were illuminating.

Of even greater moment, however, were his statements regarding the danger that this great Canadian institution may pass from Canadian control. Some months ago Mr. Macaulay referred to the activity of Wall Street in the buying of Sun Life stock, and cautioned policyholders and shareholders of the menace it involved to an institution, which was founded and developed by Canadians and which obtained its phenomenal growth under Canadian management. Subsequent events have justified these misgivings, and at the meeting today the first public intimation was given that the Sun Life directors are seeking legislation, at the present session of Parliament which is intended to effectively prevent this danger.

Precautions to Maintain the Company Canadian in Character.
In concluding his address to the shareholders and the public, the President made the following reference to the matter:—

"There is but one cloud on our horizon. Our very prosperity has created a remarkable demand for our capital stock. We desire to ensure that this great Canadian enterprise remain strictly Canadian in its control and in particular that its investments shall never come under Wall Street domination. A bill which we have introduced into Parliament will be submitted for your approval. If it is passed, it will give the protection we so much need, and I know we can rely on the whole-hearted sympathy and support, not only of our stockholders and shareholders here present, but of our army of policyholders throughout the country."

The meeting unanimously approved of the measure in question. How important and how vital to Canadians are the interests of this great institution in the report submitted to the annual meeting of the Company.

In moving the adoption of the report, President Macaulay said:—
"You gentlemen have become so accustomed to our presenting every year a statement of our profits, that previous records that you come prepared to hear another report of that description. I am quite sure, however, that not one of you in his most optimistic mood, expected a report so favourable as that which you now have. Our record for 1927 is indeed a remarkable one. Let me touch on the main features:—"

Remarkable Growth, Strength and Profits.

"The new assurances completed amounted to \$328,000,000, an increase of over \$62,500,000. The amount in force at the close of the year had risen to \$1,487,000,000, and at the present moment is well over \$1,500,000,000. The income exceeded \$102,000,000, an increase over the previous year of \$23,800,000. To me, this is very impressive. Not only has this item passed the one hundred million mark, but the increase alone is equal to what was our total income but eight years ago, which had been accumulated by forty-nine years of strenuous effort. A life company with a total income no greater than our income would be an important corporation."

"The assets have increased by \$56,000,000, and now exceed \$400,000,000. But the most wonderful of all these wonderful figures is the amount earned as profit—\$38,000,000. How great this figure is may be judged from the fact that the earnings of the previous year, in which we so rejoiced, were \$20,500,000. It would be hardly reasonable to assume that our earnings of future years will

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

"The assets have increased by \$56,000,000, and now exceed \$400,000,000. But the most wonderful of all these wonderful figures is the amount earned as profit—\$38,000,000. How great this figure is may be judged from the fact that the earnings of the previous year, in which we so rejoiced, were \$20,500,000. It would be hardly reasonable to assume that our earnings of future years will

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

be as high as this. But the fact that we have earned \$38,000,000 in one year is a record that will stand for many years to come."

LESSON No. 18

Question: Why is emulsified cod-liver oil so useful for a child who is pale and losing weight?

Answer: It is food and tonic rich in vitamins and other nourishing factors that are particularly helpful to a weakened child.

For your child—old reliable

SCOTT'S EMULSION

5 per cent. against our interest earnings for investment purposes, you will note that we are quoting only the net rate, 6.47 per cent., after deducting the investment expenses. The falling rate of interest has no terrors for us.

"The quality of our securities may be judged by the fact that not one dollar of interest or dividend on any bond preferred or common stock listed in our assets is in arrears for even one day."

Business Doubled In Four Years

"The position we have attained justifies enthusiasm, but we must always look on the present as a mere vantage ground from which to plan our future. We have doubled our business in four years. We have been confidently predicting the glorious future yet to come, and that promised future is now unfolding itself before our eyes in all its grandeur and strength. But what of the future? I have just been reading my own remarks of two years ago, and already the figures of which we were then so proud look small and outgrown. We have doubled in size now every five and a half years since the Company began, but our last doubling has taken only four years, and we are today growing more rapidly than ever before in our history. I predict that the figures of two years hence will make even the figures of today look small and outgrown in their turn."

Sun Life Sets Its Own Pace

"People sometimes say when speaking of our progress: 'Yes, life insurance is growing wonderfully. So it is; but the Sun Life is not content to grow only at the rate of life insurance generally. Statistics now available indicate that in 1927 the aggregate new business of all the companies operating in the United States exceeded the total for 1926 by only one per cent, and in Canada by seven per cent. But the new business of the Sun Life of Canada shows an increase of twenty-three per cent. We set our own pace. Our prosperity and popularity, and the enthusiastic support of our six hundred thousand policyholders, makes our growth both rapid and certain. The future still before us will, I am convinced, be more wonderful than anything we can now imagine. And it is indeed a happy thought that all that growth in size and all that growth in prosperity mean increased service to humanity, and service steadily lowering cost to our policyholders."

The President closed his remarks by his reference to the need of safeguarding the future of the Company, as above quoted.

The Board of Directors of the Sun Life of Canada, Ltd., F.A.S., President and Managing Director: Arthur B. Wood, F.R.A., F.A.S., Vice-President and Actuary: H.S. Vidar, M.B. Birks, Hon. Raoul Dandurand, J. Repath Douglas, Sir Herbert S. Holt, Sir John G. W. Macdonald, C. E. Neill, Carl Riedman, John W. Ross, His Honor James C. Tory, Hon. Lorne C. Webster. These directors were elected at the meeting.

Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Ross H. McMaster and C. B. McNaught.

Canadian Asbestos Deposits.

Canadian asbestos deposits are of particular interest, supplying as they do the largest part of the world's demands for the short grades of fibre. Though occurrences of this mineral have been noted in other localities and provinces, the productive areas are confined to the Eastern Townships in the province of Quebec where active mining operations began in 1880.

The first public operative performance is believed to have been staged 327 years ago at a French royal wedding.

In the mines of Butte, Montana, the earth temperature has been reduced to as low as 10 to 20 degrees by proper ventilation.

Aching Feet.
Bathe and rub well with Minard's. It soothes and brings a contented feeling of rest.

Minard's Liniment

"KING OF PAIN"

Minard's Liniment—Invaluable in the Stable

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Four men have set sail from Rotterdam in a 20-foot lifeboat on a voyage to New York which they hope to accomplish in 40 days.

Penny-in-the-slot machines for the distribution of milk were recently inaugurated in Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.

Geoffrey B. Riddell, M.A., at present on the staff of the University of Alberta, has been appointed instructor in classics at the University of British Columbia.

A Belgian consular agent has been sent to explore the possibilities for increased trade with Canada, Foreign Minister Paul Hymans announced in the Belgian Senate.

Peter Veregin, leader of the Doukhobors, accompanied by two of his advisors, arrived in Winnipeg on what was stated to be an important political mission.

At the request of the South African Government, the Earl of Athlone's term of office as Governor-General and High Commissioner has been extended for two years from 21st January, 1929.

John Humphrey Beck, who came to Manitoba from Missouri by covered wagon in 1870, died in Winnipeg, aged 78. Mr. Beck operated a mule team transportation business between Winnipeg, then Lower Fort Garry and Fort Belknap, Man.

A small increase in the area sown to winter wheat in Soviet Russia was reported to the International Institute of Agriculture. The figures showed an increase of 3.3 per cent. in the area sown to winter wheat for the autumn of 1927, as compared with the figures for the previous year.

Navigation on the Great Lakes will not officially open this year prior to May 1, according to an agreement reached between Canadian and U.S. vessel owners. It has been decided that no attempt will be made to reach the upper lakes before May 1.



Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Jatkov

1720

A New One-Piece Frock
This distinguished frock is an extremely smart style for all daytime wear. The front panel is slashed at the top and is underlaid and rolled with collar to form revers, and the vestee is trimmed with buttons. The long sleeves are gathered to wrist-bands and are finished with turn-back cuffs. No. 1720 is in sizes 16 years, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 38 requires 3 yards 36-inch, or 2 yards 54-inch material, and 1½ yards 32-inch contrasting. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical style, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Minard's Liniment—Invaluable in the Stable

HERCULES

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

MR. THINKER—

here's your health

Most of your clients are thinkers. A few facts regarding Hercules will impress them.

Hercules—in three grades, x, xx, xxx—is tested and proven wind proof and damp proof. A little thought will show them that this is all a building paper should be.

And above all, by these very qualities, Hercules becomes the protection of the most precious treasures of the occupants of any home—their health.

A sample of Hercules is yours for the asking.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON, CANADA

ECZEMA

PILE

COLD-SORES

RINGWORM

& ULCERS

Quickly soothing and healing Zam-Buk is splendid for skin troubles of all kinds. It deals with the aid of Nature's herbs, in Nature's own way.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 11

JESUS FEEDS THE MULTITUDES

Golden Text: "I am the bread of life; he that cometh to Me shall not hunger, and he that believeth on Me shall never thirst."—John 6:35.

Lesson: Mark 6:31-44; 8:1-10.

Devotional Reading: Ezekiel 34:11-16.

Explanations and Comments

I. The Need For Rest, verses 31, 32.—The disciples returned from their mission tour flushed with success, but they were greatly wearied and needed rest. They needed likewise an opportunity for taking counsel with their Master. Neither rest nor communion was possible, however, so great was the crowd that continually came and went about Jesus. They had no leisure even to eat, Mark tells us. "Come ye yourselves apart unto a desert place and rest a while," Jesus bade. Accordingly, they set off in their boat with him for an uninhabited spot (for this is the meaning here of the word desert), on the other side of the lake.

There come times in the lives of all Christian workers when they need to heed this counsel of Christ to go apart and rest a while. Rest is not the regular program; it is only the temporary expediency. Worn bodies and weary brains must be given a chance to recover if they are to do effective service. He maketh us to lie down in green pastures; he restoreth our souls. Dr. Jowett recalls how Ruskin after a time spent in some great art gallery found that his eyes were irritated and confused by the changing colors and the accuracy and sanity of his artistic discernment were lost. To correct all this he carried in his pocket a tablet of neutral hue, the restful color of the heavens, and gazed upon it until the bewilderment passed away and the keenness of his perception was restored. "In a certain real way he went apart, and in the retirement he found a new competency for his work. And surely in our own day, when the rush and hurry is so fierce, when everything is so intense, when our besetting interests are so manifold, and often so glaring and bewildering, it is imperative that we get apart and correct our moral and spiritual vision. The strain impairs our powers, and they need the rest of the neutral tints."

A Power Of Its Own.—Dr. Thomas' Eucletic Oil has a subtle power of its own. All who have used it know this and keep it by them as the most valuable liniment available. Its uses are innumerable and for many years it has been prized as the leading liniment for man and beast.

Few people realize that their neighbors could be worse.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Remover.

A woman stated in court that she had never in her life listened to a word of gossip. It must be dreadful to be deaf.

A man has less trouble watching his enemies than he has keeping his friends in line.

Canada's Coal Problems

Commission To Study The Whole Question Is Recommended

Finlay MacDonald (Conservative, Cape Breton South), proposed to the House that a commission should be appointed to study the whole problem of moving Canadian coal to central Canada. Mr. MacDonald's commission would consist of five members and be representative of:

1.—Coal companies.

2.—Railway traffic departments.

3.—Industries consuming coal.

4.—Business men.

5.—Minors.

Mr. MacDonald felt sure such a commission would find a remedy for the problem of marketing coal.

RESTORED TO GOOD HEALTH

Mother of Eleven Children
Praises Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

Her Interesting Experience

Buckingham, Quebec.—"I am the mother of eleven living children, and my baby is five months old, and I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weakness and nervousness, and I feel like a new woman. I was advised by my sister, Dame Edmond, of Ramsgate, for five years I was in misery and was always ready to cry. Now I am so happy to have good health. My daughter, who is 18 years old, has also taken it, and will be happy to recommend it to all young girls."—DAME EDMOND PARKER, Box 414, Buckingham, Quebec.

Why suffer for years with headache, nervousness and other ailments common to women from early life to middle age, when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will give you relief?

In a recent country-wide survey of purchasers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, over 250,000 replies were received, and 98 per cent of every 100 reported they were benefited by its use.

DUNNING REPLIES TO CRITICISMS OF THE BUDGET

Ottawa.—Hon. Charles Dunning, minister of railways, replied in the House to conservative criticisms that in announcing reductions in the net debt, the minister of finance had not taken into consideration Canadian national bond guarantees.

Mr. Dunning's speech was made in continued debate on the budget. From the Conservative side, Col. Cantley, of Pictou, objected to the budget because, he said, it failed to safeguard Canadian industry, and H. C. Hocken of Toronto West Centre, urged child immigration, criticizing in this regard, the action of the immigration department in regard to Bernardo boys.

Mr. Dunning, in the course of his speech, said critics sought to make it appear that the accounting system had been changed. The fact was that the general form now followed in the estimates originated with the Conservative government in 1921. The government guaranteed loans of \$61,000,000, not one dollar of which was taken into account in the net public debt.

"Was the present method a correct and sound business procedure?" Mr. Dunning submitted that it was and that it was followed by the provincial governments of Canada, in carrying on similar undertakings.

"What is the objective of these attacks?" asked Mr. Dunning. "Their object is to deprive the minister of finance and the government of the credit of having reduced the net debt by \$106,000,000." But the fact remained that the taxpayers of Canada were now paying interest on \$106,000,000 less, and the Canadian National was paying interest on its obligations to the public.

Every speech which had come from the Conservative side of the House had been "The old plea for higher and higher protection," Mr. Dunning continued. "The one remedy the Conservatives have for any disease, real or imagined of the body politic, is higher protection." Since this was the case, why had the Conservatives not put the word protection in their amendment. That amendment was being used in Western Canada to support the contention that the Conservative opposition had at least abandoned the principle of protection.

Speeches of the opposition members, Mr. Dunning thought, were good advertising for the United States. They emphasized the prosperity of that republic at the expense of Canada. There would not be so many Canadians going across to the United States if the Conservatives did not depict it as such an attractive place. As a matter of fact, there had been a growth of unemployment in the United States and a decrease of it in Canada.

Mr. Dunning gave figures in support of his statement. No observer, he said, would argue that the American farmer was in a better position than the Canadian.

Oldest Motor Car For Sale

French Model Of 1891 Still In Working Order

Paris.—The oldest motor car in the world, built nearly forty years ago and still in working order after having covered close on 200,000 miles, is up for sale by auction. It is a one-horse power Panhard with a chain drive and iron tires. It made its first run in 1891, and the engine was taken down and completely overhauled in 1912. That is the only occasion on which it has been to the garage for repairs. The owner of the car is Abbe Gavols, the worthy village priest of Bettey-Saint-Leonard, in the Somme department, who bought it in 1895 for the sum of \$368 and has used it ever since. Several times he has exhibited it in Paris at the Motor Salon, driving it down the Champs Elysees amid the stream of traffic of modern luxury cars.

Abbe Gavols wants to build a new church in his village in the old war area dedicated to St. Christopher, the patron saint of motorists, and he has confided the "old bus" to the Automobile Club of Picardy for sale to the highest bidder, the product of the sale to be used towards the building of the new church.

Aviators Reported Safe

Winnipeg.—Flying Officer A. Lewis, Winnipeg, and Flight Commander Terry, attached to the Hudson's Straits survey expedition, are safe, according to a message received here. The aviators had been missing since February 17.

W. N. U. 1723

Predicts B.C. Will Use Coal Resources

Cranbrook Member Believes Oil and Gasoline Will Be Manufactured In Province

Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia will some day manufacture all its oil and gasoline from its vast coal resources, in the opinion of N. A. Wallinger, Cranbrook member of the Legislature and a veteran mining man.

"We should follow up the use of pulverized coal as a fuel and the use of coal for gasoline and fuel oil," said Mr. Wallinger. "Experiments already made indicate that the idea is not a dream but a practical opportunity to utilize natural resources at present hardly realized. British Columbia, self-contained in the matter of oil and gasoline, would become one of the richest industrial zones in the world."

Mr. Wallinger deplors the fact that few great mines have been discovered in British Columbia during the past 30 years. "The prospector is not encouraged as he used to be. Most of the prospectors I run across these days are 60 years old," or older.

Trade Barometer Rising

Trade and Manufacturing Reported On a High Level

Ottawa.—Canadian business got off to a good start for the current year. Out of the nine indicators of conditions for the first month of the year which are reported by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics eight showed Canadian trade and manufacturing were on a higher level than they were at the opening of 1927.

In the table which follows the state of the index for the corresponding month last year is taken as 100 and the latest index for the present year is given as a percentage on that basis. 'The results are:

Employment, 106.
Pig iron, 125.
Steel, 142.
Bank deposits, 130.
Bank clearings, 128.
Car-loadings, 108.
Imports, 101.
Exports, 98.

The employment figure is that reported to the bureau for the first of February. Car-loadings are for the mid-week of February. All the other figures reflect conditions during January.

Think Banking System Could Be Improved

Parliamentary Committee Is Preparing To Start Work

Ottawa.—A decision to call the Deputy Minister of Finance as the first witness was reached at the meeting of the parliamentary committee on banking and commerce. The committee has before it a resolution moved by J. S. Woodsworth, Labor, Winnipeg North Centre, "that the time has come for the consideration of the improvement of our banking system and that the banking and commerce committee be instructed to study possible improvements and report thereon."

On motion of L. J. Ladner, Conservative, Vancouver South, the committee decided to request the House to give it authority to have the proceedings reported and printed.

It was suggested that one or two witnesses from the United States who were familiar with the operation of the Federal Reserve Bank would be sufficient from that country. The recommendation of witnesses was then left to the sub-committees.

Death Of R. E. A. Leech

Regina, Sask.—R. E. A. Leech, 68, chairman of the Saskatchewan liquor commission from 1920 until the inception of government liquor control in 1925, collapsed and died suddenly at his home here. Heart failure is believed to have been the cause of death. Besides his widow, daughter and son, Mr. Leech is survived by three brothers, Hillyard Leech, K.C., Winnipeg; A.J.D. E. T. Leech, Winnipeg; Dr. G. W. Leech, Raymond, Alta., and a sister, Mrs. F. J. Oaten, Los Angeles.

Health Insurance Plan

Victoria.—Establishment of a provincial health insurance plan, designed particularly to extend maternity aid to settlers in districts distant from municipal centres, was given approval by the agriculture committee and the House will be advised to appoint a committee to inquire into the problem.

Former Slave Dies At Advanced Age
Aylmer, Ont.—Lloyd Graves, former slave, died recently at Mr. Elgin at the age of 104. He was born in Kentucky, February 22, 1824.

UNITED FARMERS STRESS VALUE OF THE H. B. ROAD

Saskatoon.—Initial steps leading toward the creation of a co-operative wholesale society in this province were taken by delegates attending the annual convention of the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section.

Following a debate, a resolution was adopted calling for the urgent need of separation of the present trading department from the parent body. The board of directors also was authorized to appoint three representatives of the association as members of a provisional board which will be entrusted with the task of formulating the details of the proposed plan of organization.

As a fitting commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation, the organized farmers of Saskatchewan advocated the establishment of a free consultative clinic in the province, the report revealed.

The main object of the clinic would be to bring in the best medical skill within the reach of all, and provide complete laboratory investigation of a case and X-ray service.

In commenting on this subject the report says:

"We believe that a free consultative clinic would encourage people to have medical examination in the incipient stage of illness and would be of inestimable value in preventing disease."

"On the question of transportation, the directors voice gratification in the reduction of rates on grain and flour during the past year. The rate on grain, on what is commonly known as the Armstrong route, has been lowered 10 cents a bushel, giving the farmer a reasonable all rail rate to the Atlantic ports."

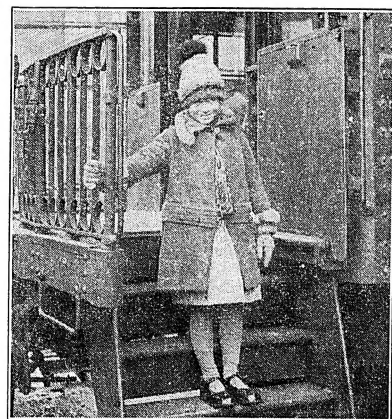
The lowering of this rate, the report states, will also prove a decided check on lake transportation charges. Equalization of the rates North and South, governed by the Crows Nest agreement, had also meant a saving of \$2,000,000 a year to the farmers of Northern Alberta and Saskatchewan.

The report concludes: "We are now seeking roads to completion the long hoped for Hudson's Bay Railway. Organized efforts of the Saskatchewan farmers has been largely responsible for the initiative of the federal government in undertaking the completion of this route."

"It is impossible to estimate the value to Western agriculture to be derived from the opening of our own seaport, thereby placing us 1,100 miles nearer our consuming markets; but if we are to enjoy the full benefits of this outlet organized watchfulness must be our motto where the Hudson's Bay Railway is concerned."

Oriental Question Serious

Victoria.—An invitation to all parties and to all members to unite in drawing up a resolution that would bring the seriousness of the Oriental question in British Columbia home to the rest of the Dominion without at the same time embarrassing either the federal or provincial governments in their relations with Oriental powers was extended by Attorney-General A. M. Manson in the Legislature.



CANNY MARGARET

This is Margaret Marshall, six and a half years old, photographed on the steps of the Canadian National train which carried her from Drumheller, Alberta, to the seashore. All by herself, little Margaret is making a trip to see her auntie at Greenock, Scotland. Before she left home her mother said to her, "Now don't get off the train, Margaret," and Margaret, being a canny little Scot, obeyed her, and not only that, but she consistently mistrusted all strangers except the train crew, which was so good to her on her long journey.

Reforms For India



Sir John Simon, head of the British statutory commission on Indian Reforms which has been under fire in the Indian Legislature.

Walked Narrow Ledge Across Niagara Gorge

Woman Takes Dangerous Path To Enter U.S. Illegally

Niagara Falls, N.Y.—How she flirted with death to enter this country illegally from Canada was told by Anna Putrima, a pretty dressmaker of Montreal. She is a native of Lithuania.

She claimed she was lowered by a rope over the gorge bank on the Canadian side to the lower abutments of the Michigan Central Railway Bridge and then, accompanied by an alien runner, made her way across the gorge on the narrow steel ledge forming part of the under section of the bridge, more than 250 feet above the swirling whirlpool rapids.

The girl and her escort landed safely on the American shore and she was taken to the home of Frank Dagoine here to await four other women who were brought across the river in a rowboat the following night.

All five of the women were held as witnesses against the five men charged with smuggling aliens.

Ban On Submarines

British Government Reaffirms Position On This Question

London.—Right Hon. W. C. Bridgman, First Lord of the Admiralty, when asked in the House of Commons if he had considered the desirability of abolishing the submarine if all other countries do the same, replied that the attitude of the British Government remained the same as enunciated by Lord Lee, of Fareham, at the Washington conference in 1921. At that time Lord Lee urged abolition of submarines.

This attitude, the First Lord added, was reaffirmed by himself at a plenary session of the recent naval conference at Geneva.

Another Medal For Lindbergh

New York.—Another medal was awarded to Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh. Trustees of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation voted unanimously to give the slier the Woodrow Wilson award, which will consist of the Woodrow Wilson medal and \$25,000, in recognition of his trans-Atlantic and Central American flights.

Gasoline Prices Drop

Reduction Of Three to Five Cents a Gallon In Manitoba

Winnipeg, Man.—Gasoline prices in Winnipeg and most parts of Manitoba have dropped from three to five cents. Tank wagon prices are now quoted at 21 cents for low test gasoline and 24 cents for high test. The service station prices have been dropped to 25 cents for the low test and 31 for the high, inclusive of the government tax.

The new prices were initiated by the British American Oil Company, the Prairie Oil Company and the Imperial Oil Company. The average reduction throughout the province amounts to three cents, while at some places a drop of five cents has been reported. Members of the trade give the opinion that the price drop will have an early repercussion in Southern Saskatchewan.

Appoint Royal Commission

Will Investigate Finding Of Ballots On Street In Ottawa

Toronto.—An investigation to clear up the finding of 10 ballots on the street in Ottawa will be made by a royal commission composed of Mr. Justice Macge and Mr. Justice Hodgins of the appellate court division. Premier Ferguson announced in the legislature. The premier's decision put an end to a deadlock which developed in the privileges and elections committee when that body asked Liberal leader Sinclair to produce the ballots then in his possession and he refused until the ballot boxes were examined. The ballots are presumed to be identical with those used in the last Ottawa South election.

U. S. STRONG FOR THE ABOLITION OF ALL WARS

Washington, D.C.—An invitation to Great Britain, France, Italy, Germany and Japan to join the United States in forming a league to outlaw war outside the League of Nations was contained in the note handed by Secretary of State Kellogg, to the French ambassador, Paul Claudel, for transmission to the French Government.

The United States firmly puts aside French suggestions that the proposed agreement recognizes the right to make war under certain conditions. "If such a declaration were accompanied by definitions of the word 'aggressor,' and by exceptions and qualifications stipulating when nations would be justified in going to war, its effect would be very greatly weakened and its positive value as a guaranty of peace virtually destroyed," says the United States note.

The note indicates that the United States is not unwilling to conclude a separate agreement with France on the subject, but wants Great Britain and other great powers to participate. "If the members of the League of Nations cannot, without violating the terms of the covenant of the league, agree among themselves and with the government of the United States to renounce war as an instrument of their national policy, it seems idle to discuss either bilateral or multilateral treaties unreservedly renouncing war. I am reluctant to believe, however, that the provisions of the covenant of the League of Nations really stands in the way of co-operation of members of the league and the United States in a common effort to abolish war."

The note, which is brief, concludes: "The government of the United States desires to see the institution of war abolished and stands ready to co-act with the French, British, Italian, German and Japanese governments a single multilateral treaty, open to subsequent adherence by any and all other governments, binding parties thereto not to resort to war with one another. The precise language to be employed in such a treaty is a matter of indifference to the United States so long as it clearly and unmistakably sets forth the determination of the parties to abolish war among themselves. I therefore renew the suggestion contained in my note of January 11, 1928, that the government of France join with the government of the United States in transmitting to British, Italian, German and Japanese governments for their consideration and comment the text of M. Briand's original proposal, together with copies of subsequent correspondence between France and the United States, as a basis for preliminary discussions looking to conclusion of an appropriate multilateral treaty proscribing recourse to war."

AMERY SEES A GREAT FUTURE FOR DOMINION

London.—"I have returned home with a truer perception of what the Empire means, namely a griddle of free independent nations linked around the globe," declared Lieut.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery, secretary of state for Dominion affairs, speaking of his recent Empire tour, at a dinner given in his honor here by the Canada Club. R. P. Penock, eminent London financier, who was born in Glangary county, Ontario, and lived for some time in Toronto, presided.

Speaking of Canada, Lieut.-Col. Amery stated that he knew not what Premier Stanley Baldwin's visit there had meant to him, and he was glad to hear that a party of 40 parliamentarians was to visit the Dominion this summer.

"In Canada today," continued the secretary for Dominion affairs, "there is not that perhaps over-confident enthusiasm which marked the pre-war years. Experience has given its lesson, and there is now a deep-seated assurance, not only of immediate, but of future greatness." Canada was emerging from being a ribbon of territory adjoining the United States to a country having depth as well as breadth. The problem before her statesmen was whether they should sell her strength to another country or conserve it for development by her own people.

In the coming generation, he believed, Canada's development would be greater than that of the United States, and would provide a greater inducement for immigrants either from across the ocean or across the border. Canada needed the immigration of professional and business men as well as men of muscle.

"Do not let our manufacturers be content with the preference Canada has now given them," he said, "but let them go and see Canada and learn how much more advantage they could reap from that preference. Let us all learn to get away from development in water-tight compartments. Then it would be easy for governments to adopt their policies accordingly."

Find Weapon Used By Killer

Blood-Stained Axe Is Discovered Near Scene Of Winnipeg Murder

Winnipeg.—One of the most sensational discoveries of the St. Vital murder case has been made in the finding of a small axe smearing with blood and hair which police are certain was the weapon used by the killer in hattering the head of Mrs. Lotie Adams, the murdered woman.

The axe, a new one with the price, 87 cents, plainly legible, was discovered in the snow 85 feet from where the body had been concealed in the deep ditch on North Drive, Port Garvey. The exhaustive search of the area which police have made ever since the day the body was found was rewarded when one of the searchers caught the glint of steel in the snow.

Police consider it one of the most valuable links in the chain of evidence they already have in their possession.

Would Visit Paris Again

No Chance To See It Last Time Says Lindbergh

Paris.—Col. Charles A. Lindbergh would like to visit Paris again this summer.

Instead of swooping down, however, from the air at Le Bourget in full view of thousands and with the acclaim of the multitude ringing in his ears, he desires to slip through Cherbourg or Havre without attracting undue attention, he recently wrote a close personal friend. He would enjoy a meal here in Paris incognito, he said, for he had no opportunity to see Paris at all in 1927.

Silver Foxes Stolen

Armstrong, Ont.—The fox farm of John A. Lytle, situated on the third line of Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, was raided by thieves, and 12 silver foxes valued at about \$7,000 were stolen. The robbery took place during the night but was not discovered until morning. It is believed to be the largest theft in the history of the fox raising industry in the province.

Cost Of Tariff Board

Ottawa.—The cost of the advisory board on tariff and taxation was given in a return tabled in the House today. In salaries and allowances to members \$48,310 was expended between April, 1926, and January 31, 1928. The staff of 14 received in salaries during the same period \$20,350.

Tapping Wealth Of Northern Canada

Canadian National Railways Engineer Tells Of Rapid Development

The tremendous North of Canada, the rich country in which millions have been invested and out of which millions more will be taken is speedily coming into its own. Two railway lines, which are being pushed forward with all the energy and haste men can command in a region that expects every ounce of skill, strength and speed that men can give, are bringing the wilderness closer and closer to the world. They are making possible the pricing open of a chest whose treasure is so vast that imagination scarce can compute it. Before the year is out the railway which is striking 85 miles northwest of The Pas to open up the Pin Flon and incidentally the other rich properties in that area will be in working condition. In the meantime, all the necessary supplies will have been hauled in and camps established along the way. By the end of next year, the Hudson Bay Railway will have reached its terminus at Fort Churchill, on Hudson Bay, and the North will have a new outlet to the sea.

C. S. Gzowski, of Montreal, chief engineer of the Construction Department of the Canadian National Railways, who has just returned east after a visit of inspection to the northern country, declares that he is well satisfied with the progress that is being made.

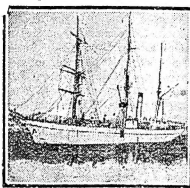
"To fulfill our promise to the Dominion Minister of Railways that the Hudson Bay line would be in operating condition by the end of next year, we must complete 84 miles from the present end of steel before December. Mr. Gzowski says. The present end of steel is 556 miles from The Pas, which is 482 miles from Winnipeg. From the end of steel to Fort Churchill the distance is 154 miles. "There is no doubt but that this will be accomplished," he added. "The road is broken through for the 84 miles and the contractors are busy erecting camps and getting in supplies. By the second week in February, Major J. L. Charles, who is in charge of the Canadian National Railways locating parties, had reached Mile 100 and was, of course, still pushing ahead. He is using dog teams."

Since there are no means of communication in the summer, Stewart and Cameron Ltd., who have the contract for grading the line, are concentrating, during the winter weeks, on the task of bringing in supplies and caching them. Mr. Gzowski pointed out. Before the breakup, at least 1,200 men will have been placed and will be engaged in ditching. After the important work of drainage, comes the building of the embankment. It is hoped that track-laying will begin by July 15. In order that there will be no delay, culverts are being placed ahead for the first 20 miles, cedar being hauled for the purpose, and the three streams which the railway must cross are being spanned by pole trestles, which will be replaced by permanent structures later. Three temporary water supply tanks are also being installed in advance of the ballasting and track laying.

"Our big battle is, of course, with the muskeg," said the engineer, in discussing the difficulties of railroad-building in the north. "Near the Limestone River we are cutting 200 carloads of poles and these will be placed on top of the grade, having-bone fashion, so as to form a foundation for the ties in the soft places. Instead of burning the timber cleared from the right-of-way all this will be saved and used for the same purpose. Ballasting will be kept close to the track all the time. There will be two outfits."

"Two hundred men and 150 teams are now working on the sleigh roads outside the right-of-way. Besides the men on the Churchill section, 320

Expedition To South Pole



This is the "Sampson," the Norwegian ship which Commander Rich and E. Byrd's expedition to the South Pole will use. He will also have a three-motored plane with which he hopes to fly over the Antarctic Zone.

W. N. T. 1725

men are engaged along other portions of the line and three work trains. "Four headquarters camps, more than half the total number to be built, have been erected, and others are under way. The contractors are erecting, for the railway, eight engineers' camps as well, three of which have been completed. At Mile 84 from the present end of steel they are building for us an engineers' headquarters camp of four log buildings. This will be the base for working down the Deer and Churchill Rivers for the line ahead.

"The caches I referred to are 10 miles apart but camps between them mean that the men will not have to travel more than five miles. To make it easier for them in the summer, 20,000 "duck mats," plank platforms eight feet long, will be put down in the soft places. There is a river transportation here and no timber for building a corduroy road."

How Rockies Got Their Name

The Name Is Believed To Be Of Cree Origin
The name "Rocky Mountains" appears to be of Cree Indian origin. Long before the advent of the white man the Indians of the Canadian prairies, gazing at the glittering line of peaks stretched across the West, called them the "Shining Mountains." Legardeur St. Pierre in his journal, 1752, stated that among the Crees they were called "Assin-wati," that is, literally, "stone or rocky mountains." He translated the name into French—"Montagnes des Roches"—and by the English equivalent they have since been known.

Hydro-Power On Niagara River

On the Niagara River, the water-power of which is shared between Canada and the United States, five to six million horse-power could be developed, but by international treaty the United States is restricted to a total diversion of the flow of the river to 300,000 cubic feet per second and Canada to 36,000. These diversions are practically all utilized by the developments now in use.

The Value Of Sheep Clubs

Responsible For Establishing Over One Hundred New Flocks In Canada Recently

Boys' and Girls' Sheep Clubs have been responsible for establishing over one hundred new sheep flocks in Canada recently. They are proving a big factor in creating further interest in sheep raising and are likely to be the means of establishing thousands of sheep flocks on farms where sheep are not at present being kept.

Sheep club members have the co-operation of the Canadian Banking institutions in providing loans subject to the regulations of the policy. If such are desired. The policy is administered by the Sheep and Swine Division, Live Stock Branch, Canadian Federal Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Provincial Departments of Agriculture. District promoters in the various provinces in which the policy is operative give assistance in selecting suitable ewe stock, give direction and assistance in equipment of buildings, feeding and management. The Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers, Ltd., Canada's national wool marketing agency, operated by the sheep raisers, ensures full market values for the wool clip. Sheep Fairs and Lamb Sales establish market values, reduce marketing costs and encourage the production of better lambs. Sheep raising is recognized as a branch of the live stock industry that has proved to be very profitable and is strongly recommended for consideration by prospective settlers.

Receives Big Contract

A Calgary firm, the Alberta Wood Preserving Company, has been awarded one of the largest wood preserving contracts ever given in Canada. It has an order from the Canadian Pacific Railway for the treating of 300,000 ties a year for a five-year period, 1,500,000 ties altogether. This "treating" process is said to add from 30 to 60 years to the life of the wood.

New Comer Prizes His Land

But To Many Canadian Farmers Ownership Means Nothing
No Canadian need be jubilant when a European family is placed on a farm from which a Canadian family has been removed. Yet this is what is going on in some parts of the country. The original Canadian stock is leaving the land and getting into the towns and cities. The same process is going on in many sections of the United States and is regarded with alarm by students of the social order in that country. The newcomer from Europe prizes the land; to him it is a great boon to be able to own a hundred acres. The Anglo-Saxon in this country regards the land lightly. Ownership means little to him and in many cases he would prefer making his living somewhere else.

Yukon's Healthful Climate

Continuous Daylight In Summer Time For The Whole Twenty-Four Hours

The climate of the Yukon Territory, Canada, is characterized by extremes in temperature and a very moderate precipitation. There is no more delightful climate than that which prevails from May 1 to October 1. The continuous light for the whole twenty-four hours, during the period from the middle of May to the first week in August, although anticipated, is a source of delight and wonder to the visitor. While the winters are long and cold, on account of the absence of high winds and the dryness of the atmosphere, the low temperatures are borne with less discomfort than in other parts not so favored.

It is estimated that more than 300 languages are spoken throughout the world.

Don Strickline is a druggist, believe it or not, at 241 South Burdick Street, Kalmar, Mich.

It sometimes pays to be good, but it is always good to be paid.

Good Crops Have Established Prosperity

Farmer's Position Has Been Greatly Improved, Says Report

"In contrast with the situation in Canada, where the price structure has consistently favored the farmer, particularly during the past three years, the farmer in many other parts of the world has found that his bale of cotton, his load of maize, or his bushel of potatoes could be sold at a price which would enable him to buy only about two-thirds as much manufactured goods as formerly," states a recent bulletin issued by the Royal Bank of Canada.

"In reality his difficulties have been even greater than this statement would suggest, since wages, rent and taxes—his costs—have in most cases increased by at least 100 per cent," continues the bulletin. "Where the individual farmer has been unable markedly to increase his production, the changing relationships of prices have reduced the purchasing power of the farm family by about one-half. This reduction in the purchasing of the agricultural population has prevented the expansion of world commerce to a normal level."

"The satisfactory crops in Canada and the persistence of relatively favorable world prices for those products which come from Canadian farms have been important factors in establishing prosperity. While it is true that almost all of Canada has experienced good times during this period, the outstanding factor in the situation has been the improvement in the position of the Canadian farmer."

One Of Sweetest Stories Ever Told

Annual Consumption Of Sugar In Canada Is Almost One Hundred Pounds For Each Person

One of the sweetest stories ever told is outlined in a recent report of the sugar refining industry in Canada issued by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics.

Canadians evidently have a sweet tooth, for the annual per capita consumption of sugar is 93.09 pounds, or about one-quarter of a pound for every day of the year. The total production of sugar in Canada in the year under review was 1,138,741,726 pounds, of which 70,388,105 pounds was made from beets grown principally in southwestern Ontario and southern Alberta. Thirty thousand acres were sown to beets, which yielded about nine tons per acre, and for which the growers received an average price of \$8.55 per ton. The total value of the yield was \$2,289,781.

There are eight sugar refineries in Canada with a capital investment of \$49,745,404. Canada is one of the principal sugar refining countries, her net exports of refined sugar, after supplying her own requirements, amounting to about 250,000,000 pounds yearly.

Cannot Be Called Insane

People Who Fall To Control Their Impulses Have To Be Punished

It is the business of men to control their impulses. When they can not do so—and possibly there are a few who can not master an impulse to murder—they are unfortunate, but not insane. The man who knows what is right and what is wrong, who knows that what he is doing is wrong, is quite sane enough to pay the penalty prescribed by law. It does not matter whether or not he is the victim of a "split personality" or is afflicted with "dermatographism." These are interesting peculiarities, but they are no defence—and are not insanity.

Machinery For Briquetting Plant

Machinery for the briquetting plant at Blentoft has been purchased in England and Germany and is to be shipped before May 15th, and is to be representative of the Western Dominion Collieries, who went overseas to arrange this and has just returned to Saskatchewan.

"My poor husband was a wonderful artist," sighed the landlady as he hunched at the piano, "and ways said he found inspiration in my cooking."

"A sculptor, I presume," said the gloomy boarder, surveying his bent fork.

In China, according to Capt. M. B. Curtis, of the United States Marine Corps, every soldier takes his wife to war with him. It may be a government plan to keep the boys in a fighting mood.

"Now that you are married, I suppose you will take out an insurance policy?"

"Oh, no. I don't think she's going to be dangerous."

Engineers Plan To Cool Tropical Zone

Have Evolved Scheme For Diversion Of Arctic Currents

"Utilization of the icy currents which flow beneath the warm Southern seas for modifying the climate of tropical lands and rendering them not only pleasantly habitable but workable as well, is foreseen by two French electrical engineers, Georges Claude and Paul Boucherot, who spoke before a meeting of the French Engineering Society at the Sorbonne. Moreover, they asserted, the tropical seas hold vast stores of thermal energy which man may yet harness. Although the surface waters of tropical seas generally have a temperature of from 75 to 85 degrees from one end of the year to the other, they, as pointed out, have, thanks to currents emanating from the polar regions, waters at great depths at a constant temperature of from 35 to 45 degrees.

If, with the aid of a shaft sunk into the sea, these cold waters could be brought to the surface, the engineers said, the result would be a surface temperature of about 70 degrees, marvelously constant in all seasons and all weathers.

Then, if one could draw off the warm surface waters into a suitable vacuum, they asserted, the waters thus drawn off would begin to boil, producing a vapor which, with the aid of the cold waters brought up from the depths of the sea, might readily be condensed.

And if in the current of vapor one placed a turbine, they declared, the machine would furnish energy beyond comparison with anything in existence.

Only Sense Not Protected

Law Does Not Interfere With Things Which Offend Our Sight

If you punch a man on the nose, he can have you arrested. The law protects our sense of feeling.

If your factory pours noxious fumes over a city, your neighbors can get out an injunction against you. The law protects our sense of smell.

If you put even harmless chemicals in drinking water, you can be sued for it. The law protects our sense of taste.

If you run your loudspeaker at unreasonably high volume, the Board of Health will have something to say about it. The law protects our sense of hearing.

You can stick an ugly advertising sign beside a public highroad in the most beautiful spot for miles around, and the law will probably protect you through the court of last resort. Why are our eyes discriminated against? Why is sight the stepchild in the family of senses?

Probably it will stay so until the majority of the people are as unanimous in their definitions of bad sights as they are in their definitions of bad smells.

Sheep Raising In B.C.

Sheep Production In Province Increased By 27 Per Cent. Last Year

The sheep raising branch of the agricultural industry is developing rapidly in British Columbia, particularly in the logged off areas along the mainland coast and on Vancouver Island, according to a report of the Vancouver Chamber of Commerce. The province increased sheep production 27 per cent. in 1927 over 1926, the latter year also having an increase of 26 per cent. over the year previous.

Doctor: "Your health is excellent, madam; I don't find anything wrong with you."

Lady Patient: "Won't you please look again, doctor? You see, all my friends are going to 'Hot Springs' for their health."

Don't condemn a man for beating his wife and using a card game when he used a club of a pack of cards.



Talkative Barber: "Would you mind closing your mouth?"
Customer: "No. Would you?" — Buen Humor, Madrid.



Upper left—A physical class in operation. Upper right—The Canadian Pacific steamer "Montreal". Lower left—Interior of the gymnasium. Lower right—Making use of the ship's swimming pool.

A gymnasium on board an ocean liner is no longer a novelty. The floating palaces of today which cross the mighty oceans between Canada and the Orient, and Canada and Europe, have gone one better than the best hotels. There are hotels in this country that can invite their guests to bathe in private swimming pools; but how many of them can offer the busy man or woman the use of a gymnasium?

"How to keep fit at sea?" Board one of the famous "White Empresses," bound for the Orient from Vancouver, or cross from Quebec to Southampton by an "Empress of the Atlantic." These liners have gymnasiums on board, and you will have no reason to fear the consequences of a period of enforced leisure. On the Pacific the "Empress of Canada," "Empress of Asia," and "Empress of Russia," have gymnasiums which are in all respects like those of the three Atlantic Empresses. Spacious rooms, with excellent ventilation, and fitted with the latest equipment for almost every phase of athletic exercise. In addition, the Empress of Canada and the Empress of Australia have swimming pools, which are in the first rank of those to be found on board sea-going ships.

The apparatus with which the gymnasiums of the ships of the Canadian Pacific line are fitted is varied and diverting. The "horse" and the "camel" are perhaps the most popular among the machines. When travelling on the "Empress of Australia" and the "Empress of Scotland" to and from Canada this summer the Prince of Wales rode many imaginary miles on the comfortable back of the "horse" and also on the "camel's" hump. These beasts are electrically controlled, and when the current is switched on the "horse," which is properly saddled and has crupper and stirrups, proceeds to emulate the movement of a horse in motion, and gives the rider a real and pleasant sensation of horse-back riding. The speed can be increased from a walk to a trot, from a trot to a canter, and from a canter to a gallop; but the "horse" is always a gentle beast, and never throws his rider.

gymnasiums of the ships of the Canadian Pacific line are fitted is varied and diverting. The "horse" and the "camel" are perhaps the most popular among the machines. When travelling on the "Empress of Australia" and the "Empress of Scotland" to and from Canada this summer the Prince of Wales rode many imaginary miles on the comfortable back of the "horse" and also on the "camel's" hump. These beasts are electrically controlled, and when the current is switched on the "horse," which is properly saddled and has crupper and stirrups, proceeds to emulate the movement of a horse in motion, and gives the rider a real and pleasant sensation of horse-back riding. The speed can be increased from a walk to a trot, from a trot to a canter, and from a canter to a gallop; but the "horse" is always a gentle beast, and never throws his rider.

The "camel" machine is as popular as the "horse." The "camel" functions in a similar manner to the horse, but performs the rolling motion peculiar to the "ships of the Sahara." The "camel" usually works overtime when the Round the World and Mediterranean Cruise Empresses are nearing Egypt, the ladies especially being anxious to acclimatize themselves to riding on the hump of a camel.

There are bicycle machines in the gymnasium of the Empresses. These are fitted with dials which record distances travelled up to 500 metres. Bicycles are placed side by side, which offers the possibilities of racing competitions. Rowing machines, pulley-machines, which test the strength and develop the muscle, are amongst the apparatus with which the gymnasiums are equipped, and boxing-gloves, medicine-balls, punch-balls, fells, single-sticks, and Indian clubs, provide boxers, fencers, and football-club athletes amongst the passengers with every opportunity of indulging in their favorite pastime.

gymnasiums of the ships of the Canadian Pacific line are fitted is varied and diverting. The "horse" and the "camel" are perhaps the most popular among the machines. When travelling on the "Empress of Australia" and the "Empress of Scotland" to and from Canada this summer the Prince of Wales rode many imaginary miles on the comfortable back of the "horse" and also on the "camel's" hump. These beasts are electrically controlled, and when the current is switched on the "horse," which is properly saddled and has crupper and stirrups, proceeds to emulate the movement of a horse in motion, and gives the rider a real and pleasant sensation of horse-back riding. The speed can be increased from a walk to a trot, from a trot to a canter, and from a canter to a gallop; but the "horse" is always a gentle beast, and never throws his rider.

The gymnasiums themselves are spacious rooms, well ventilated, and fitted with electric fans which help to keep the air always fresh. During certain hours the rooms are reserved for the exclusive use of the lady passengers. A physical instructor is on duty in the gymnasiums during the regular hours. He instructs passengers in the use of the machines, and during the longer voyages and winter cruises made by the Empresses, classes for physical exercises are frequently held.

Use MAGIC BAKING POWDER



in all your baking—
That's the way to assure success.

Made in Canada
No Alums

E. W. GILLETTE CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CAN.

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. MCCLUNG

COPYRIGHT, CANADA, 1925

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

It was strange for Arthur Warner, after all his lonely years, to be sitting here talking so intimately to a woman who was a comparative stranger, and receiving from her confidences which she had given to no one else. He thought of his own lonely house, he thought to him, so eagerly acquired, so patiently worked, and now a woman like this would have brightened it and graced it with her presence. She was so calm, so brave, so gentle.

When their eyes met Helmi smiled encouragingly at him, though sadly too, as if the tears were not very far away. Where they tears because he was going?

"Helmi," he said, "we are both facing the elemental things of life and it draws us together. We are facing the hardest things that men and women ever have to face. Your part will be to give life, maybe at the expense of your own. Mine is—God forgive me—to take life. Are you afraid?"

Helmi shook her head. "No," she said, simply, "I believe in God—I believe He loves me. I love Him. Every day I say my good words. I learned them in His house. They are 'Gospel health; Seek truth; Know God; Serve others.' Then I say, 'Please God bring home my Jack.' It is good to pray, Mr. English, when one is afraid."

The first ragged whistle of the train came booming down the valley. "Tell me your name Helmi," he said, "I want to say good words for you and for your Jack."

Helmi took his hand and impulsively kissed it. "Helmi Doran," she said, "I am glad you will say good words for my Jack. Maybe you will see him over there—I know he will go."

"I hope for your sake that it will all be over when Jack comes home at Christmas."

He was standing up now with his cap in his hand. The train was whistling again as it came slowly down the grade. Helmi looked at him reverently. It was not merely a lonely, weather-beaten homesteader she saw standing before her: she saw a brave man who was willing to give everything he possessed, not withholding his own life, for the cause of human liberty, and on his face she saw the unmistakable majesty which comes to those who are appointed to die.

Arthur Warner bent over and kissed her shining hair. "Good-bye, dear Helmi," he said.

"Good-bye, God bless you, dear Mr. English!"

When Arthur went out to meet Mrs. McMann coming in. She had come presumably to ask Helmi what she had done with the tape-line.

CHAPTER XX.

It was in December that Helmi decided to delay no longer, she would go to the city. Jack had told her to go to his mine boss and get the two

Demonstrates New Camera

Spark Instead Of Shutter Gives More Exposures Per Second
Moving pictures taken at the rate of 20,000 exposures a second showing a bullet apparently barely moving as it shattered a glass bulb were shown to a meeting of the Optical Society of America.

Professor Alexander Klemm, of New York University, who gave the demonstration at Columbia University, said the camera used was similar to an ordinary one except that a spark vibrating with high frequency took the place of a shutter.

Pictures of a whirling aeroplane propeller, taken at the rate of only 2,100 a second, showed the blades turning at a rate not much faster than a slowly revolving door. The pictures of the bullet shattering the glass bulb taken at the high frequency exposures showed the shattered glass fragments falling through air so slowly as to be hardly perceptible.

Countless tests and experiments, covering a period of over thirty years, prove that aluminum is the only completely satisfactory material in which to pack tea. Red Rose tea is put up only in aluminum, and a "money-back" guarantee goes with every package.

slipped down the mountain, without a sound, and laid low every stalk and every bloom in her garden, and having done its work went back the way it came. The morning sky was blue and bright, the sun was warm, and playful little breezes turned the dead flowers over, just to be sure that none were missed. When Helmi came out and saw the work of the night she wrung her hand—but only for a minute. That day she raked the dead stalks into a pile, and she burned them when they were dry and dug the garden for her next year's planting.

Helmi had not yet brought herself to ask for the two hundred dollars Jack had left. She wished the timekeeper would give it to her without asking for it, but the days were on and she knew she must go soon. She would not let Mrs. McMann or anyone think she was grieving or distressed. Jack had told her that the greatest thing in married life was to trust and not be afraid, so she affected a gaiety she did not feel, which quite deceived the "little" lady.

"These foreigners haven't got any fine feelings," Mrs. McMann told her friend Mrs. Turner. "Now one would think Helmi would feel a little shy, but pass her house any time you like and you can hear her singing, and as long as the days were nice she was either working in the garden or sitting outside sewing. And mind you, she went into the store and asked for a white flannel from Jim Dawson. Mrs. Dawson told me. Well, of course, one can't expect much from these foreigners, their standards have never been like ours. Mr. McMann often told me I was too shy, but it was the proud Weesies way!"

Helmi waited until the middle of the month. Still no letter, no word. There was no use going to the post office. The same answer was inevitable—"Nothing today." She could hear it all the time, beating, beating on a sore spot in her heart. But always she had been able to smile and say something, words she had prepared on the way down.

One day she went to the stuffy little mine office and spoke to the timekeeper about the wages Jack had not taken. The timekeeper sat in his shirt-sleeves making out his accounts. The place reeked of stale tobacco, and dust lay gray on the window-sill. Quite frankly Helmi explained her reason for going to the city.

The timekeeper looked confused and embarrassed. "I'm awfully sorry, Helmi," he said, "but it looks as if there has been a mistake here some place. There was two hundred dollars owing to Jack when he left, but a man came one day with an order from Jack and I gave him the money. He said when Jack got to Peace River he found there were some things he needed. It was about a week after Jack left, if I remember—I have the order here, if you would like to see it. You see, I didn't know you would be wantin' it, or anything, or I would have refused this fellow, but he had the order and I couldn't very well do anything but pay the money over."

(To Be Continued.)

Asthma Victims. The man or woman subject to asthma is indeed a victim. What can be more terrible than to suddenly be seized with paroxysms of choking which seem to fairly threaten the existence of life itself. From such condition Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought many to completely restored health and happiness. It is known and prized in every section of this broad land.

Peace, Perfect Peace

Excerpt From a Letter Sent By a Soldier To His Wife

The following preciously preserved extract from a love letter written home to his wife by a soldier on active service will evoke tender memories in thousands of our former service men.

"Don't send me no more nagging letters, Little. They don't do no good. I'm three thousand miles away from home, and I want to enjoy this war in peace."

Employer: What kept you from work yesterday, acute indigestion again?

Typist: No; a cute engineer this time.

All speed limits were exceeded in the last minute rush for motor licenses.

Leprosy is supposed to have been brought to America by the negro slaves.

A Lady and a Diplomat

Differences Between Them Is Defined By U.S. Minister

Hon. William Phillips follows the methods of the public men of his country who provide at least one funny story to a speech. In paying tribute to Canadian women's organizations at the Women's Canadian Club reception in Toronto, in honor of Mrs. Phillips and himself at Casa Loma, the U.S. Minister declared he could never say "No" to them. That reminded him of the story in which he quoted the difference between a lady and a diplomat:

"A diplomat says 'yes' when he means perhaps; but when he says 'perhaps,' means no; and when he says 'no,' he is no diplomat. On the other hand, a woman says 'no' when she means perhaps; says 'perhaps' when she means yes, and when she says 'yes' is no lady."

Seek New Variety Of Wheat

Wheat With High Degree Of Resistance To Stem Rust Is Desired

The production of a variety of wheat combining high yield and good baking qualities with a high degree of resistance to stem rust, is one of the most pressing problems at the present time according to the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Careful consideration is being given to rust resistance in new varieties and strains developed by the Dominion Experimental Farms. New varieties are produced chiefly through the medium of artificial crossing of carefully chosen parent varieties, the crossing work being confined chiefly to the Central Farm at Ottawa and to the Rust Research Laboratory at Winnipeg.

MISTAKES MOTHERS MAKE IN CARE OF LITTLE ONES

Many mothers give their children solid foods at too early an age and say proudly that their babies "eat everything that grows up people do." Such a course is almost certain to bring on indigestion and lay the foundation of much ill-health for the little one.

Other mothers administer harsh, nauseating purgatives which in reality irritate and injure the delicate stomach and bowels and at the same time cause the children to dread all medicine.

Absolutely no meat should be given to a child until it reaches the age of 18 months, and then only if approved by the doctor. For medicine, all strong cathartics and pills and powders should be abandoned and Baby's Own Tablets given instead.

Strong cathartics and pills and powders are especially made for little ones. They are pleasant to take and can be given with absolute safety to even the new-born babe. They quickly banish constipation and indigestion, break up colic and simple fevers and make the out-letting of loathsome gurgles. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Palace Of Augustus

New Excavations On Palatine Hill Are Expected To Reveal Treasures

The new excavations which have been started on the Palatine Hill have for their ultimate object the unearthing of the Palace of Augustus. A wall nearly 200 feet long and about 30 feet high has already come to light, and it is hoped that some good marbles and other artistic objects which once adorned the residence of the Caesars will later be discovered. The Palace of Augustus actually consisted of several buildings, including a temple and two well-stocked libraries of Greek and Latin books. It is known, however, that many of the Imperial buildings were buried in earthquakes during the Middle Ages, and there are hopes that a part of their treasures may still be recovered from their remains. The buildings were adorned by more than 100 columns of alabaster and rare marbles, the porticoes contained several marble statues, while the interior was lavishly decorated with panels and medallions, artistic gems and canoes.

British Youth For Canada

Movement Is Expected To Be Heavier Than Usual This Year

The movement of British youth to Canada promises to be considerably heavier than usual, due to new arrangement, made with the British Government. Ontario is taking 500 boys, Manitoba 50, and the Maritime Provinces and Saskatchewan an indeterminate number, while some hundreds are to be moved by private organizations. In all it is estimated some 2,000 boys will probably be brought out under the new scheme this summer.

The less the average man knows about a thing the more he wants to talk about it.

W. N. U. 1723

Save the Valuable "Poker Hands"



OGDEN'S
CUT PLUG
Soothing—
yet a man's smoke
COOL AND FRAGRANT

Train Load Of Farm Tractors

Largest Train Of This Kind That Has Ever Crossed Western Canada

An indication of the prosperity and development of Western Canada was given recently when a trainload of farm tractors passed through Winnipeg westbound. Made up of 52 cars, the train was said to be the largest containing farm implements ever to cross the Canadian prairies. The bulk of the tractors will be distributed from Melfort and Humboldt, Saskatchewan, to various parts of that province. Eight cars went to different points in the province of Alberta.

Germs cannot resist the new liquid germicide known as S.T. 37, which destroys bacteria so quickly that it is impossible to figure the time in which the reaction takes place.

We blame our ancestors for our faults, just as they blamed their ancestors for their faults.

Too many persons mistake notoriety for fame.

Little Helps For This Week

My Shepherd is the Lord my God,
There is no want I know;
His flock He leads in verdant meads,
Where tranquil waters flow.
He doth restore my fainting soul
With His Divine caress,
And when I stray He points the way
To paths of righteousness.
—Eugene Field.

Through every step in life the Shepherd offers to guide us, if we will but hear His voice and follow Him. He never promises smooth paths, but He does promise safe ones. If we follow Him we may find the steepest cliff "a path of pleasantness," and the lowest vale of humiliation a highway to peace.
—Theodore L. Cuyler.

Tom—"He's a great procrastinator."
Mabel—"He is? Well, he used to be the dumbest kid in school."

A fugue is a musical composition on one or more short themes which are reintroduced from time to time.

Demand



ASPIRIN

The whole world knows Aspirin as an effective antidote for pain. But it's just as important to know that there is only one genuine Aspirin. The name Bayer is on every tablet, and on the box. If the name Bayer appears, it's genuine; and if it doesn't, it is not! Headaches are dispelled by Aspirin. So are colds, and the pain that goes with them; even neuralgia, neuritis, and rheumatism promptly relieved. Get Aspirin—at any drugstore—with proven directions.

Physicians prescribe Aspirin;
it does NOT affect the heart

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) indicating Bayer Manufacture. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assure the public against imitations, the tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trademark.

Cuticura Treatment For Dandruff

Part the hair and gently rub in Cuticura Ointment until the whole scalp has been treated. Let the Ointment remain for some time, over night if convenient. Then shampoo with a soda of Cuticura Soap and warm water. (Do not rub Soap on the hair.) Rinse thoroughly. A light application of Cuticura Ointment to the scalp between shampoos is often beneficial.

Sample each free by mail. Address: Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.



TUBERCULOSIS

How and when do people take this disease?

This disease is usually caught in childhood and lies inactive for a longer or shorter period until the condition of the general health is favorable to its development, but it can be acquired at any age, so it is usually difficult to say just when or under what circumstances a person becomes infected. It should be remembered that it is almost always a house or indoor infection, and that it is rarely caught outdoors where the sunlight, which is the best disinfectant, quickly kills the germ. It is never caught after one exposure, as in other acute diseases, such as scarlet fever, measles, etc., but gradually after repeated exposures. The great and real danger is from living with careless, dirty consumptives, and especially in dark, damp, dirty or ill ventilated houses, sleeping and living rooms, which have become infected with the germs by the careless habits of sick people. The germ is found in millions in the sputum from very early in the disease, and it is through the sputum almost alone that it reaches others. If all sputum could be collected and destroyed and if those infected could be taught to cover the nose and mouth when coughing, the disease could be greatly limited.

Many people do not know they have tuberculosis, but think they suffer only from a "bad cough" when they already have the disease and are a source of danger to others. Everyone, therefore, who spits or coughs should be just as careful about spitting as if he knew that he had tuberculosis. If those with germs in their sputum, spit on floors or sidewalks, the sputum will dry, be ground under foot, blown around as dust, and inhaled by other people, and may finally come to rest in the lungs. In the home the chief danger is to children, though adults may become infected also. The chief sources of infection for children are infected dishes, room towels or infected milk, and kissing. Children should be kept from all contact with sick relatives.

From what has been said, it is plain that if all people who have a spit would destroy it carefully, would cover their mouth when coughing, would refrain from kissing and would keep clean hands, and if all milk were boiled or pasteurized, it would not be long before the spread of this dread disease would be to a great extent checked.

S. G. Watt Commits Suicide

Sidney G. Watt, of Didsbury, committed suicide at the Royal Hotel, at Calgary. Tuesday night of last week. Mr. Watt was manager of the Williston Lumber Co. at Youngstown in 1916, and later joined his brother at Hanna in the same business. About two years ago he assumed the management of the North End Lumber Co. at Didsbury. He was well known by the curlers along this line. The late Sidney Watt is survived by his wife and two children, residing in Didsbury, his mother and two brothers in California and one sister at Mirror, Alberta.

Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cerebral
Will be at the
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday
and Friday

Walter M. Crockett,

LL.B.,
Barrister Solicitor,
Notary Public
Youngstown Alberta

Successful Social Evening

The U. F. A. held their last Social Evening for this season in the School Hall on Friday, March 2nd. The entertainment was excellent and those who took part are to be congratulated, as every number was good. All who were present enjoyed it very much and those who were not there missed a treat. Mr. Neil McLean occupied the chair. The programme consisted of the following: piano solo, Marjorie Lee; song by Bettie Milligan, Helen Dawson, Geraldine Elliott, Gabrielle Massey and Mildred Brownell, Ina Rennie accompanied them on the piano; Mr. W. Hughes read the Press Report, which was well gotten up. He made some good hits and did not even slight the "Chinook Advance"; recitation, Doris Marc; sketch, "Little Pitchers," by Madeline Otto, Verna Dressel, Ruth Hurley and Willie Thompson. Ladies' Quartette by Mrs. Isbister, Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. Rideout and Mrs. Rennie, Mrs. Roberts accompanied them on the piano; solo, Mrs. Rideout with Mandolin accompaniment. The usual dance was held at the close of the meeting.

Sounding Creek Council Meeting

The meeting of Sounding Creek council held on Saturday, February 18, was a short one, there not being a great deal of business for the members to transact. Reeve Cameron and Councillors Cowin, Synnuck and Goodband were present.

Following the adoption of the minutes of the previous meeting it was decided on motion of Mr. Cameron to advertise for offers for the north east quarter of 32-30-7 between then and March 13.

Mr. Goodband moved and it was carried that the secretary write Neil Callaghan offering to rent the south-east quarter of 14-30-8 for a cash rental of \$25.00 a year.

The financial statement as presented by the secretary was approved. Bills to the amount of \$14.30 were passed for payment, after which the council adjourned. The next meeting will be held on March 13.

Tenders Wanted

The Board of the Laughlin School District, No. 2434, will accept tenders up to March 24th for calsoning the school during the Easter holidays. Address all tenders to the Secretary, Mrs. E. M. Bayley, Phone R 111, Chinook, Alberta 47

Farm For Sale By Tender

N $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 32, T. 26, R. 7, W. 4th M. Alberta, subject to taxes subsequent to December 31st, 1927. Tenders will be received up to 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the 28th day of March, A.D. 1928, for the purchase of the above described property.

Tenders marked S.C. 27702, should be forwarded together with marked cheque for 5 per cent. of the amount of the tender to L. F. Clarry, Esq., K. C., Master in Chambers, Court House, Calgary, Alberta.

This farm is about 12 miles from Chinook, and three miles from the nearest school. There are approximately 320 acres, of which about 120 acres have been cultivated and is summer-fallowed. Other improvements consist of a frame house 14x12, shingled; granary, shingled, 14x16, and frame barn, shingled, 16x24, also one good well 70 feet deep, and a good fence all around.

No tender necessarily accepted. 5 per cent. with tenders, 5 per cent. upon acceptance, 15 per cent. within 60 days without interest, and the balance in 4 equal installments of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months after acceptance, with interest at 8 per cent. per annum. If purchaser desires, full payment will be accepted within sixty days without interest.

In all other respects standing conditions of sale to apply.

Conditions of sale and other particulars may be obtained from Messrs. C. F. Adams & Edwards, Bank of Montreal Building, Calgary, Alberta, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

Dated at the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, this 1st day of March, A.D. 1928.

Approved:
L. F. CLARRY
Master in Chambers
A. G. A. CLOWES
Clerk in Chambers

I.H.C. Agency To Open Up In Chinook

A branch agency of the International Harvester Co. will be opened in Chinook next week. Mr. Carl V. Johnson, of Cereals, was in town last week looking over the field with the intention of opening up a branch business here. A suitable building was secured opposite the Alberta Telephone Office and a full stock of repairs will be put in at once. Mr. Johnson expects to be ready for business about the 15th of the month. Samples of I. H. C. machinery will also be on hand. The farmers of the district are invited to call and get acquainted. A. V. Brodine will be in charge here, and he has rented a home in Chinook and will move his family here shortly.

Wedding Bells

On Monday afternoon at the hour of 5 o'clock at the manse of the United Church, Youngstown, the marriage was solemnized of Mr. Donald Earle Anderson, of Hanna, Alta., son of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Anderson, and Miss Theresa Jones, of Wastina, Alta., who formerly lived in Chinook, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Jones, of the same place. Rev. H. S. McDonald performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones, of Hanna, acted as witnesses to the ceremony. Only the immediate family of the bride were present for the impressive but quiet ceremony.

Chinook United Church
Sunday School 2 p.m.
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

DR. HOLT
DENTIST

will be at the
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every
Thursday

Mah Bros. Cafe

Good Meals at all Hours

Confectionery of all kinds
Fresh Oysters Fresh Fruit

W. W. Isbister
General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dics Sharpened
Horse shoeing and General
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.



Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.
A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or
after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. R. FEATHERSTON
W. M.

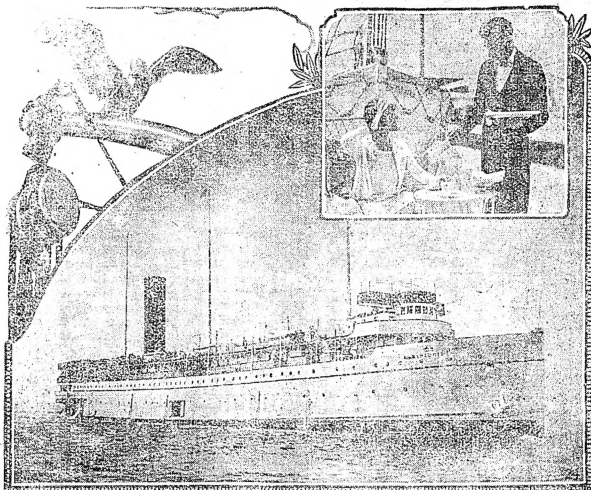
R. W. WRIGHT
Secretary

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat	
1 Northern	1.28
2 Northern	1.21
3 Northern	1.08
Oats	
2 C. W.	.53
3 C. W.	.48
No. 1 Feed	.48
Barley	
3 C. W.	.73
4 C. W.	.68
Feed	.63
Rye	
2 C. W.	.93
3 C. W.	.90
Flax	
1 N. W.	1.50
2 C. W.	1.45
3 C. W.	1.25
Butter	
30-35	
Eggs	.22 1/2

Through Canada's Inland Ocean



1. The Great Lakes Steamer S.S. Assiniboia, of the C.P. Fleet which carries its passenger through the land of charm.

2. Serving a little bowl during the trip. 3. The passengers' companions and well-wishers (a boat-visit).

The Great Lakes for a summer holiday have no equal. Contrary to the generally prevailing opinion that the automobile and touring and camping are a greater attraction, these large bodies of fresh water, really inland seas, are holding their own, indeed, by those who know it is said that they are doing more.

From Port McNicoll to the Head of the Lakes, is practically an ocean voyage. The great white steamers of the Canadian Pacific Railway are operated the same as the huge ocean liners. At Port McNicoll the visitor sees a man made harbor, surrounded by a village which has been developed from the original within the last twenty years. About an hour and a half after leaving port, a bugle sounds the dining call, and going below the traveller finds the dining-room, spacious and comfortable which greatly whets the already huge appetite.

After dinner a promenade of the broad white decks, as motionless as the city streets, but with what a difference! The fresh clean breezes, the sun strikes the horizon and sinks in blazing splendour leaving behind a sense of peace and well-being. Hoot upon boat of graceful white-spread wings appear over the stern, crying the poignant call of the hungry gull. So still they are as to appear motionless, a floating bit of white feathers; but a chance opening of the cooks galley port hole brings them swooping down, screaming with the wilfulness of the blizzard, with a strength and speed that is amazing.

Land slowly disappears, and the island are lost in the soft encircling darkness. Stars come out, and a white moon floods the lake with an ethereal luster. All is quiet—friendly lights in port—

here and there by a merry laugh, a passing footstep, the throb of the great engine and the spark on the wireless up above. A little later we pass the protruding Bruce peninsula, then the Manitoulin Island, the home of the Great Spirit. In the distance can be seen the blinding light of the mariners' guides, the light-houses at Coburn's Head, Lonely Island, the Flower Pots and in the distance the entrance to Lake Huron. These steamships, the "Keewatin", "Lanctota", and "Assiniboia" of the Canadian Pacific service are first-class in every way, and ply these inland waters from May 21st. to September 28th. The journey occupies the better part of 11 days, with every wave and further charm and grace.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR RENT—Good house for rent. Apply at Advance Office.

LOST—Two cream colored hounds, male and female. \$25.00 reward for anyone knowing whereabouts of these hounds. Write Donald Connell, Youngstown, Alberta. 47P

FOR SALE—A quantity of good oats. Apply to Bernhard Peters, on the old McLaughlin farm.

B. H. DIAL

Licensed Auctioneer
Arrange dates at the Chinook
Advance, or write or phone
me at

OYEN ALBERTA

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed. All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM
CHINOOK ALTA.

J. W. BREDIN
Licensed Auctioneer

FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN
Chinook, Alta.

Announcement

I wish to advise that I am taking over the
I.H.C. Agency at Chinook

I will be open for business about the 15th of this month
and will have a

Good Stock of Repairs

for spring use, and hope to be in a position to give
efficient service at all times.

Also if you are in need of any New Machinery, drop
in when in town and let us get acquainted.

A. V. BRODINE

CALL ON THE

CHINOOK ADVANCE

when ordering your Letter Heads, Bill

Heads, Envelopes, Statements,

Sale Bills, or any line of

Commercial Printing

Our Work Will Please You